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Cylinder walls that are kept glassy smooth and perfectly round—that are free from scratches or scoring and coated with a film of oil that forms a gas-tight seal with snug fitting piston rings—that's the combination that insures full compression, smooth action and full power from every stroke of the pistons. It's what you get when you keep your engine correctly lubricated with Polarine. Polarine meets the lubricating requirements of all types of engines. It banishes friction and cushions bearings with a friction-free film—keeps compression tight, and minimizes wear on piston rings and cylinder walls—flows freely at all temperatures—stands high cylinder heat—burns up clean and goes out with the exhaust—saves overhauling and repair bills.

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STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF NEW YORK

POLARINE

SIXTEEN FEDERATIONS IN VERMONT CHURCHES

Were Effected During the Past Year, According to Report Submitted to Congregational Conference at Essex Junction.

Sixteen federations of churches were effected in Vermont during the past year, according to report submitted to the Vermont Congregational conference at Essex Junction this week. This makes 30 federations in 25 towns of Vermont since May 1, 1917.

Those effected the past year with the Methodists were at East Burke, Milton, Sheldon and Grayville, while at Stowe there was a federation with the Methodists and the Church of the Unity. At Derby, Hubbardston and Whiting federations were effected with the Baptists, and at Putney, Westford and West Rutland there were federations of the three denominations, Congregationalists, Methodists and Baptists. Plans are now under consideration for federation at Randolph Center, South Hero and Grand Isle. The committee note that during the year the Baptists and Methodists have federated at Mount Holly, Reading-Felchville, Sheffield and Lincoln. At Hinesburg and Middletown Springs the Baptists have joined with the Methodists and Congregationalists, and at Essex Center the Methodists have now joined the federation of Baptists and Congregationalists. Since the three leading denominations in Vermont among the Protestants started the plan 64 churches have been effected. These by denominations are as follows: Baptists 15, Congregational 26, Methodist 22, Universalist 2. A series of church leaders' councils will be held in the fall to discuss a more efficient program of

service and the responsibility of the church to each community. The committee gives the heartiest endorsement to the secretaries of the denominations that have brought about these unions, and commends in closing the work of Bishop Hall of the Episcopal church and Superintendent Fortier of the Universalist church for their aid in the last legislature in bills that were passed in the interest of dependent children.

Tribute to Prof. Henry Fairbanks.

The report of the directors of the Vermont Domestic Missionary society opened with a tribute to the late Prof. Henry Fairbanks of St. Johnsbury, for 30 years president of the society and honorary president at the time of his death last summer. "His death removed one that for active interest, both in his personal and official relation to home missionary work in the state, has been equalled by few and surpassed by none in its entire history. Coming fresh from the seminary he devoted his first years of service in the ministry to the itinerant work inaugurated and financed by his family. Later, after a professorship at Dartmouth college, on his return to the state, he took a prominent and most efficient part in the great revival under the auspices of the 'gospel workers', and following that he made at his own expense a religious survey of the state, which led to the employment of young women in the destitute regions." A fitting tribute was also paid to Rev. Francis Parker, a missionary who served several Vermont churches before going into the larger service.

The receipts for the year were \$8,394.91, of which \$5,502.04 was contributed from individuals and churches and \$2,892.87 was from interest on invested funds. No legacies were received during the year, which is unusual, but the con-

tributions were over \$400 more than the previous year. The total contributions represent 34½ cents per resident member, of which 33 cents was for work in Vermont and two and one-half cents for work outside.

The expenses for the year were \$11,013.53, approximately \$3,200 being taken from the "legacy reserve account" to offset the lack of legacies through the year. Forty-four churches and fields received \$5,702.23, the salaries of officers were \$3,425 and the expenses of the officers \$1,350. The expense of the evangelistic campaign was \$224, the deficit for the Vermont missionary \$271 and the expenses of the Middlebury convocation \$192.

The invested funds of the society are \$42,216.20, of which \$10,500 is in the permanent fund, and \$31,716.20 in the general fund (legacy reserve account). The annuity funds, which do not revert to the society until after the donor's death, now amount to \$4,500, an increase of \$1,000. The society holds \$44,289 in trust for the churches, an increase for the year of \$2,027.

Forty missionaries have labored in 38 fields, giving 23 years, seven months and two weeks' service. This is a decrease of four missionaries, five could also be engaged in nine months in service. There were added on confession 41, by letter 20, total 70. The year before the total additions were 104—72 on confession and 32 by letter. The total removals were 110—59 by letter, 40 by death, 11 by revision of the roll and exclusion. The net loss for the year was 40, while the year before there was a gain of eight.

Considering the year as a whole, the figures are not discouraging. Already this year one church has received 29 by confession, within 12 of the total number received by all the churches by confession last year.

For the coming year the directors urged that the churches meet their full apportionment. If this was done it would be possible to extend the work to 12 vacant fields fairly on the society's list. Two pastors at large could also be engaged visiting the churches and vitally helping in solving the problem of the country church. Again, larger receipts would allow special aid to some of the churches that have peculiar community problems to be solved. And lastly if we had a large income our society could unite with other denominations in a comprehensive plan to reach those portions of our state which no church is now even nominally covering.

"We shall hear a great deal during the coming year about the interchurch world movement. It promises to aid mightily in bringing Christians of all denominations into working co-operation. It accords with what has been done in Vermont for the uniting of churches in small communities. No one knows how far it may bring us on the way to organic church union."

VARIETY OF STUDIES PURSUED.

Disabled Men Select All Sorts of Ways of Making a Living.

Washington, May 21.—A good many of the disabled soldiers now being vocationally re-educated by the federal board are taking courses of training somewhat out of the ordinary, and the list of those who are undergoing re-education April 1 reveals some interesting sidelights on the desires and ambitions of the young men of the country.

Two are studying air brake operation; three are taking bee culture; nine have entered barber colleges. It would not be supposed that boiler making was the sort of light work the disabled man would select but three students have elected that. Twenty-six are taking carpentry and two biology. Dentistry is fairly popular, there being 31 students in that, while two are studying "edge trimming," and 11 of them are studying embalming. Forestry has attracted 18, while two are taking special courses in geometry. Jewelry and watch repairing have attracted 26, and 13 are embarking upon the uncertainty of journalism. Owning to impaired hearing on account of the tremendous din of artillery fire, 23 men are studying lip reading. One is taking massage and 20 have gone in for oxy-acetylene welding. Three men are studying vocal music, two are studying violin and 14 various other instruments. Eleven are studying theology; five, window trimming, and seven are preparing to be veterinary surgeons. Landscape gardening is being taken by nine; sign painting by 12; pharmacy by 24.

TURKISH EMPIRE MAY BE KEPT

In Order to Avoid Religious Complications in Constantinople

SULTAN MAY REMAIN AS NOMINAL RULER

Great Britain Is Said to Desire That Such a Course Be Pursued

Paris, May 21.—Great Britain's desire that a semblance of the Turkish empire be preserved in order to avoid religious complications such as might be brought about through Mussulman dissatisfaction, is causing continued discussion in peace conference circles of plans by which this end might be effected. It is understood that the plans, in their present aspect, provide for the sultan remaining in Constantinople as head of the Moslem faith, but with only nominal temporal authority.

BAPTISTS AT DENVER.

Two Thousand Delegates Are Now Assembled.

Denver, May 21.—Two thousand delegates represent 10,000 Baptist churches in every state north of the Mason and Dixon line in the northern Baptist convention which began here today. New methods of financing the Baptist church and plans for increasing the church's activities in war-stricken countries of Europe are two of the important questions to be decided. The financial proposals overshadow all else before the convention. One of them contemplates the formation of a budget with a committee to decide before each convention how much money is needed and divide the total among all the churches after the convention approves. Its plan was worked out by the national committee of northern Baptist laymen appointed at the last convention.

The second financial proposal comes from the International Church Federation of New York and proposes that 30 denominations unite in a financing plan similar to that of the United War Work campaign conducted by various relief organizations for the benefit of the soldiers in the war. Under this plan the money needed for all church denominations included in it would be raised in one lump sum and apportioned among the denominations according to the membership of each.

Extensive foreign mission plans are under consideration. These contemplate work for Baptist missionary and relief work by Baptists in every country on the globe, including a big reconstruction project to aid churches in Europe.

There is a divergence of opinion over the financing proposals.

Burlington Man Promoted to Major.

Captain Douglas J. Roberts, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Ross Roberts of Burlington, has been promoted to the rank of major in the medical corps of the United States army, according to word just reaching here. Major Roberts is in charge of the X-ray department of base hospital No. 57, A. E. F., France.

Major Roberts entered the service at the outbreak of the war, beginning his service by assisting at Bridgeport, Conn., and was afterwards assigned to the Cornell medical college unit as a U. S. army instructor and helped install the hospital at Cape May, N. J. For this he received his promotion to a captaincy. He was later assigned to Camp Greenleaf, Fort Chiscomba, Ga., and from there went overseas, where he has been for a year, most of the time associated with base hospital No. 37.

Among other notables that Major Roberts has treated as patients is General Pershing, whom he has had under his personal care.



Treat your beauty fairly—keep your skin clear with Resinol

No matter how pretty your features are, you cannot be truly attractive with a red, rough, pimply complexion. But Resinol Ointment, aided by Resinol Soap, will usually make poor skins clear, fresh and charming.

Resinol Ointment contains nothing to injure the tenderest skin, and is so nearly colorless it can be used on exposed surfaces without attracting undue attention. Resinol Soap and Resinol Ointment are sold by all druggists. Why not try them?

Yours may be Next!

It all happens in a twinkling—the unexpected accident!

All automobile accidents are unexpected. That's why you can't avoid them. No one can. But you can place the cost and the worry on an insurance company. Telephone today.

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Representing
THE TRAVELERS
HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT

FOLKS are a heap like tobacco. Thar's hot-headed, bitey folks. Thar's flat, uninterestin' folks. An' then thar's folks like Velvet—mild, but hearty an' fren'ly, too.

Velvet Joe



THE FRIENDLY TOBACCO

"Friendly" is a very good word to describe the positively pleasing quality that sets VELVET tobacco apart.

There is that indescribable something about VELVET that is associated in men's minds with the thought of a friend.

It is a satisfying smoke—never harsh; without a bite. Like a friend it "agrees" with you no matter how much you use it.

Long, patient ageing—in wooden hogsheads—does it. Friendship must ripen slowly. Good tobacco the same way. An army of men have learned this through VELVET.

Today is a good time to get a lot of comfort out of a pipeful of friendly VELVET.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.

Roll a VELVET Cigarette

VELVET'S nature-aged mildness and smoothness make it just right for cigarettes.

15c



GROTON

H. R. Page moved his family Monday from the tenement of F. M. Page, his father, to the house he recently purchased of Levi Wilson on Railroad street.

Mr. Harrison of Boston and Bartlett Ricker of Billerica, Mass., were in town Monday.

Mrs. C. M. Heath is again quite ill, threatened with pneumonia.

Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Blanchard, son, and daughter, Mrs. H. T. Morrison, were visitors in St. Johnsbury last of the week.

Mrs. J. H. Taisey and Mrs. Jennie Crown of Woodville, N. H., were in town Monday.

Henry Chapin, who recently returned from service in France, arrived here on Saturday and is the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Emma J. Clark, and other relatives.

C. C. Ladd, local editor of the St. Johnsbury Evening Caledonian, was an over-Sunday visitor in town.

E. M. Welch sold a quantity of personal property at auction yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. Agnes Sinclair is very ill with pneumonia at the home of her daughter, Mrs. G. N. Clark. Mrs. Foster of Bath, N. H., another daughter, is assisting in caring for her.

Mrs. E. W. Stowe of Plainfield is in town this week.

The family of E. M. Beckley enjoyed a treat of maple sugar on snow Sunday. Mr. Beckley bringing the snow from Danville, where he discovered it while working in that vicinity.

VERSHERE

Mrs. Charles Rigg is at the Randolph sanatorium. Her many friends wish her speedy recovery.

Miss Florence Maples is ill and has gone to her home.

Lewis Lackey has returned from France and came home last Saturday. Mr. Lackey's people received word of the dangerous illness of his daughter, Jessie Clark, with pneumonia, and Lewis Lackey and Verna Roberts hastened to her Monday afternoon.

Elias Lathrop went to Tunbridge Monday after seed corn.

Chauncey Lathrop took a load of potatoes to Hanover Monday.

E. P. Brown is carrying hay.

Oscar Corne is moving home from Chelsea.

Mrs. Freeman Spear has returned home from helping Mrs. Joseph Sleeper to get settled in her new home.

Reginald Stacy has had tonsillitis.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Hood visited in Corinth Sunday.

The infant child of Mr. and Mrs. Sam Ricker is very ill.

The auction of Mr. Bouchard is next Saturday and there is one at the Cyrus Fuller place Wednesday, May 28.

The wedding reception for Mr. and Mrs. Bert Morey, given by the grange at the hall May 14, was a very enjoyable affair. It was largely attended. The gifts were numerous and beautiful and very ably presented by John Sleeper, the grange master, and well responded to by Mr. Morey.

LLOYD GEORGE BLOCKED TREATY PUBLICATION

Wilson Approved—French Deputies Demanded They Be Shown Certain Sections.

Paris, May 21.—There has been no change in the decision of the peace conference leaders not to make public at present the text of the peace treaty presented to the Germans, notwithstanding demands for its publication from some quarters.

It is understood that the chief opposition to making the treaty public comes from Premier Lloyd George. His objection, which found early expression, was later approved by President Wilson. The demand of the French Chamber of Deputies to see the treaty, however, led Foreign Minister Pichon to secure a tentative agreement for the publication of the financial and territorial sections last Saturday, subject to Mr. Lloyd George's approval, but when the latter returned from Fontainebleau he declined to approve. As the other members of the council did not wish to act without his assent the idea of the publication was abandoned.

London, May 21 (via Montreal).—In reply to a question in the House of Commons Monday, Andrew Bonar Law, government spokesman, said that the council of four, for reasons which could not

be disclosed, considered the publication in full of the peace terms undesirable, and a similar course was being followed in the allied parliaments.

VERMONT MAN ON COMMITTEE.

G. E. Carpenter at Weights and Measures Conference.

Washington, D. C., May 21.—Weights and measures officials of the United States will meet here to-day in annual conference for the first time since 1916. Much important business has accumulated during the war period, new conditions have arisen as a result of the war and the four days' session probably will be one of the most important gatherings of its kind ever held.

Dr. W. S. Stratton, director of the bureau of standards of the department of commerce, is president of the conference; W. L. Waldron, state superintendent of weights and measures of New Jersey, vice-president; F. S. Barnard, sealer, Michigan, treasurer, and Major L. A. Fischer, chief of the weights and measures section of the bureau of standards, secretary. The officers and the following comprise the executive committee: J. G. Farrell, New York; G. E. Carpenter, Vermont; C. G. Johnson, California; L. S. Schenck, District of Columbia; T. F. Egan, Connecticut; J. M. Mote, Ohio; F. G. Tighe, New York; W. F. Cline, Illinois; E. C. Lytton, Iowa; J. R. Smith, Tennessee; O. N. Crowell, Arizona; I. M. Howell, Washington, and Thure Hansen, Massachusetts.

Why Lack of Iron Keeps Women Weak, Nervous, Fretful and Run-Down



While Plenty of Red Blood Rich in Iron Helps Make Them Strong, Healthy and Beautiful.

How Organic Iron—Nuxated Iron—helps Solve Problem of Supplying Iron Deficiency, Thereby Increasing the Strength and Endurance of Delicate Care-worn Women in Two Weeks Time in Many Instances.

Many a woman who ought still to be young in feeling is losing the old-time vim and energy that makes life worth living simply because her blood is thinning out and possibly starving through lack of iron. It is through iron in the red coloring matter of the blood that life-sustaining oxygen enters the body and enables the blood to change food into living tissue, muscle and brain.

In commenting upon the alarming iron deficiency in the blood of the average woman of today, Dr. George H. Baker, formerly Physician and Surgeon Monmouth Memorial Hospital of New Jersey said:

"What women need to put roses in their cheeks and the springtime of life into their step is not cosmetics or stimulating drugs, but plenty of rich pure red blood. Without it no woman can do credit to herself or to her work. Iron is one of the greatest of all strength and blood builders and I have found nothing in my experience so effective for helping to make strong, healthy, red blooded women as Nuxated Iron. From a careful examination of the formula and my own tests of Nuxated Iron I feel convinced that it is a preparation which any physician can take himself or prescribe for his patients with the utmost confidence of obtaining highly beneficial and satisfactory results."

Dr. Ferdinand King, a New York Physician and Medical Author says: "I have

NUXATED IRON

For Red Blood, Strength and Endurance

It radiated "home" in a measure all out of proportion to its size. The daughter of the house had chosen it as her own little apartment because of its sunny bay window.

"Thanks to the National Biscuit Company and the other packers of good things," said the girl, "I can live well without a kitchen."

A thick, warm-toned carpet invited one to lounge on it, while the big, fringed cushions scattered about gave evidence that this was no meadow gayety, but a home in the most conveniently placed of places in the blue district.

The weather, and atmosphere during the day, was just what one enjoys in the sun.

A the girls' announcement, they were all at the box of Uneeda Biscuit and a jar of friends grew closer, day by day, potted chicken, Nimble fingers chatting in the sunny bay window, nibbling little piles of chicken sand-bling National Biscuit Delicacies?



It not only leaves the oven as the best soda cracker in the world, but it reaches you with all its original taste and freshness. Uneeda Biscuit has no rival in the esteem of American housewives.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY